

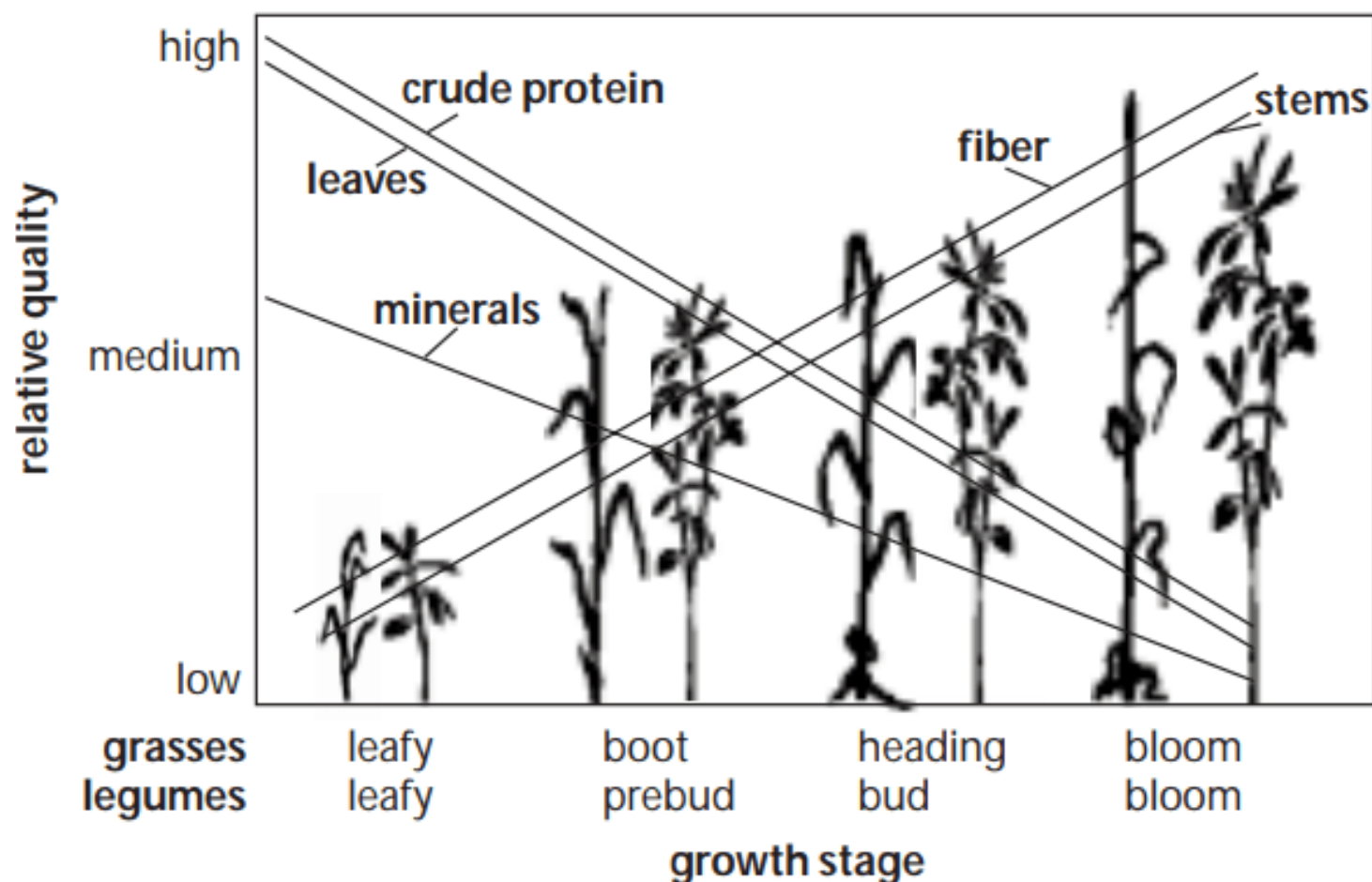
Improving production on sandy soils update

Feed quality considerations

Michael Wilkes

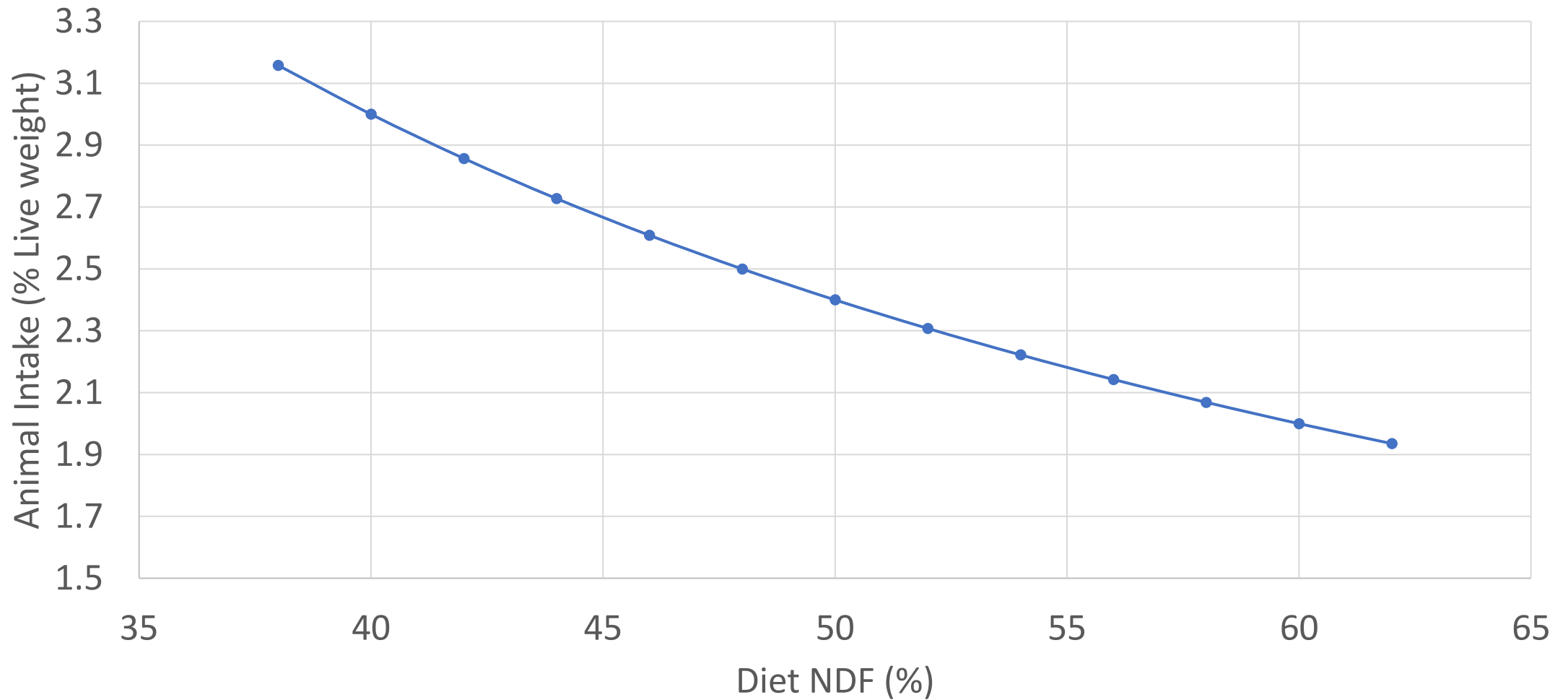


Figure 3. Effect of plant maturity on forage intake and digestibility.

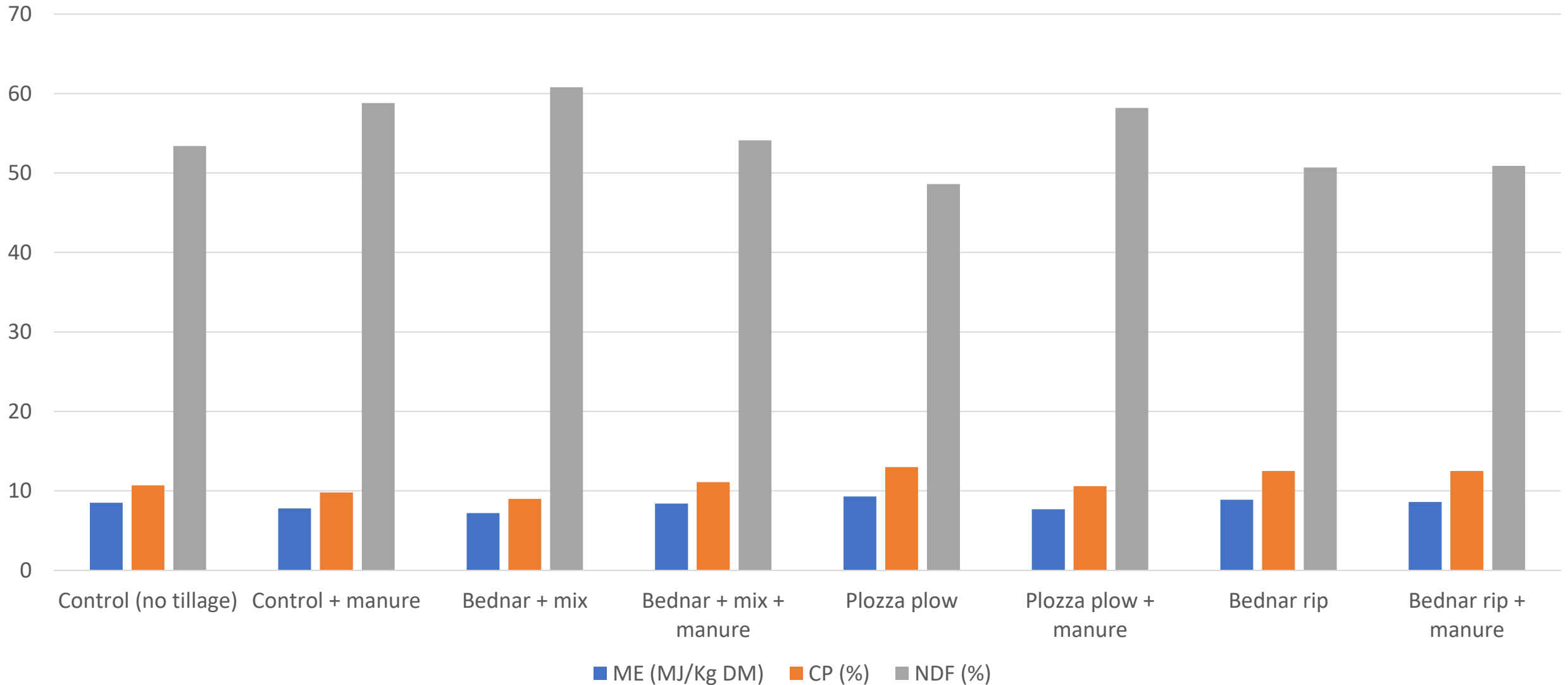


Source: Adapted from Blaser, R., R.C. Hammes, Jr., J.P. Fontenot, H.T. Bryant, C.E. Polan, D.D. Wolf, F.S. McClaugherty, R.G. Klein, and J.S. Moore. 1986. Forage-animal management systems. Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Bulletin 86-7.

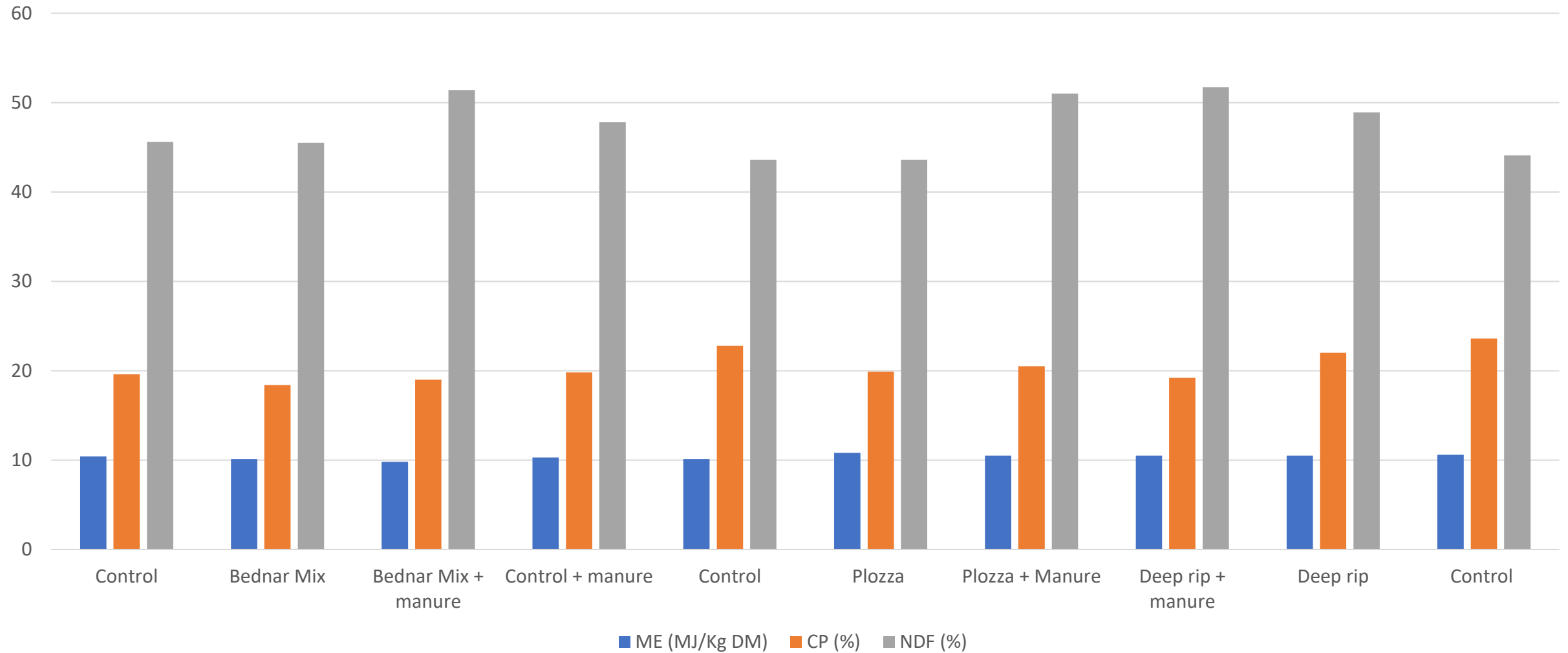
Maximising Feed Intake



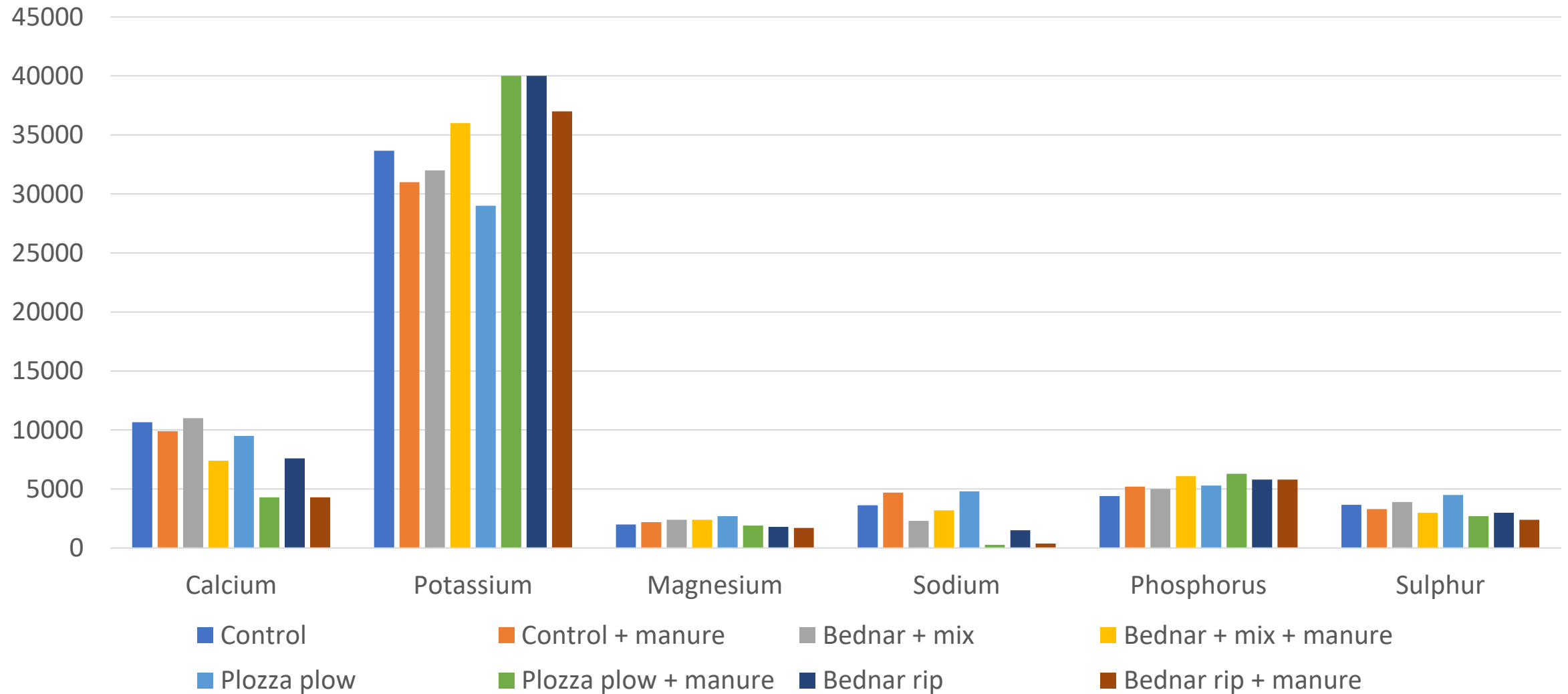
2022-Feed quality



2023-Feed quality



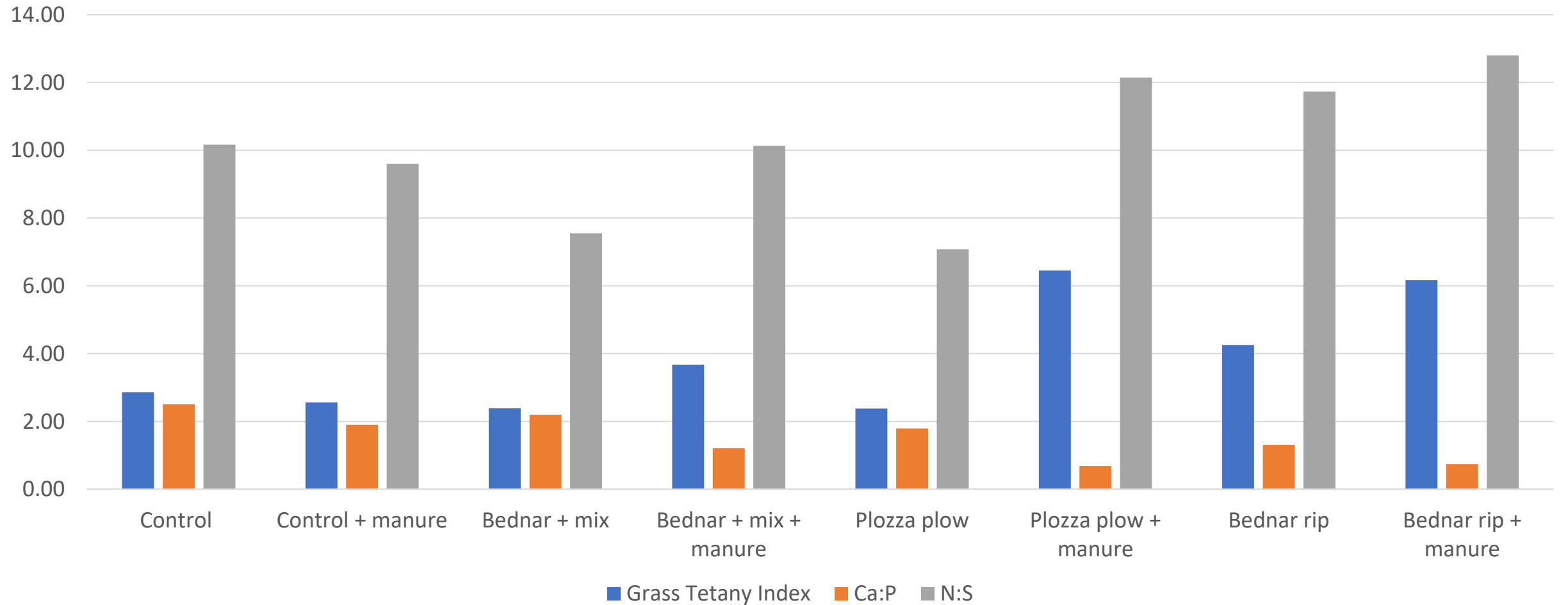
2023- Pasture Macro minerals



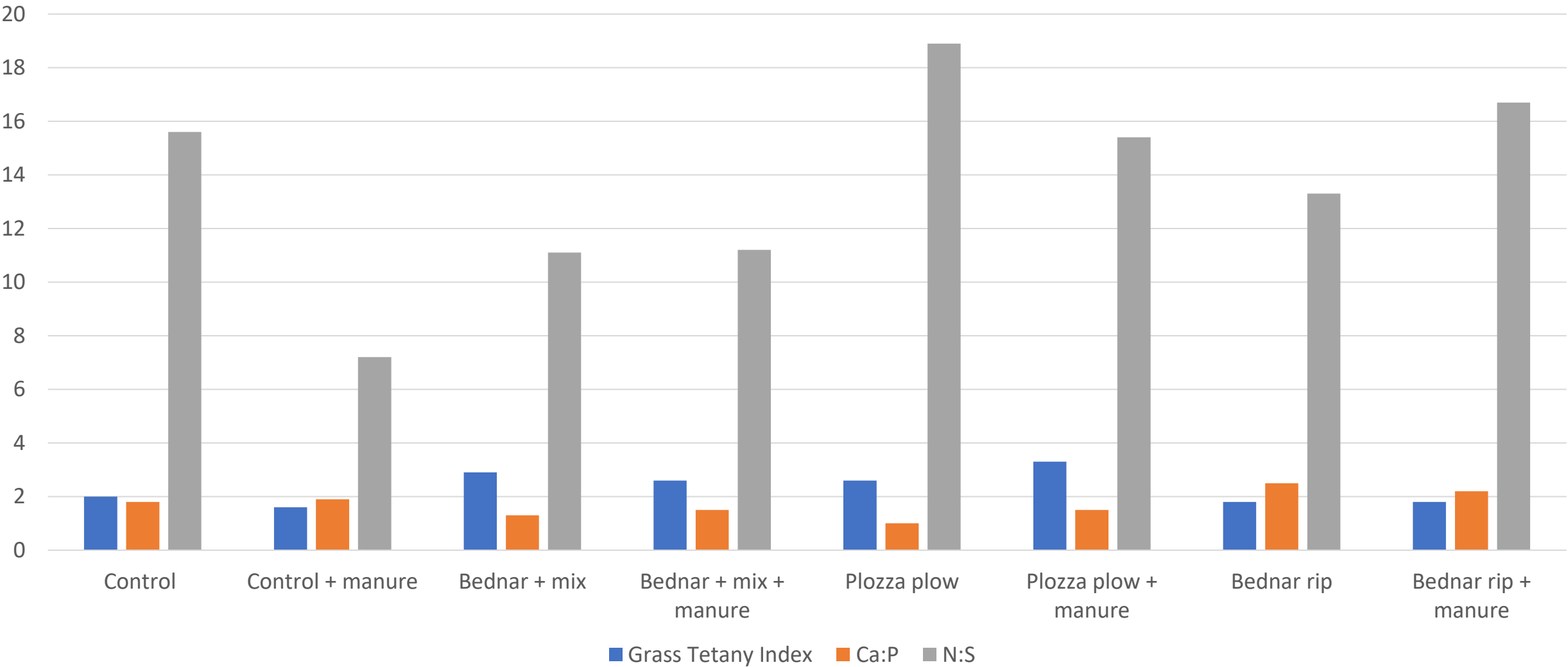
Pasture mineral considerations

- **Grass Tetany Index:** <2.2:1
 - Relationship between Potassium, calcium and Magnesium
 - Impacts on Magnesium metabolism
- **Ca:P:** 2:1
 - Relative balance of Calcium and Phosphorous
 - Impact on bone development, lactation and growth
- **N:S:** 12-20:1
 - Impacts on rumen microbial population and fibre digestibility

2023- Pasture Macro mineral ratios



2022- Pasture Macro mineral ratios



Don't forget the Micro minerals

- **Cobalt**

- B12 synthesis

- **Copper**

- Bone development
- Blood cell development
- Hair, hoof and fibre growth

- **Zinc**

- Immune function
- Reproductive function
- Hair and hoof growth

- **Iodine**

- Thyroid function
 - Metabolic rate
 - Reproductive function

- **Manganese**

- Energy metabolism
- Blood cell development
- Bone development

- **Selenium**

- Immune function
- Reproductive function
- Antioxidant status

Take home thoughts..

- Match to the feed requirements of livestock
 - ? If we can grow more earlier, does this change the production schedule?
- **Maximise pasture utilisation and feed intake**
- Understand composition of that feed:
 - Vegetative state pasture
 - K,Ca,Mg balance
 - Mature/Senescent pasture
 - Ca:P
 - Protein and Sulphur
- Remember Micro mineral requirements
- Supplement to manage imbalances/deficiencies

